# CS 3000: Algorithms \& Data - Summer 1 '20 - Tim LaRock 

## Homework 5

Due Monday June 1st at 11:59pm Boston time via Gradescope
Name:
Collaborators:

- Make sure to put your name on the first page. If you are using the ${ }^{L A T T_{E} X}$ template we provided, then you can make sure it appears by filling in the yourname command.
- This assignment is due Monday June 1st at 11:59pm Boston time via Gradescope. Make sure to submit something before the deadline.
- Solutions must be typeset in LATEX. If you need to draw any diagrams, you may draw them by hand as long as they are embedded in the PDF. I recommend using the source file for this assignment to get started.
- I encourage you to work with your classmates on the homework problems. If you do collaborate, you must write all solutions by yourself, in your own words. Do not submit anything you cannot explain. Please list all your collaborators in your solution for each problem by filling in the yourcollaborators command.
- Finding solutions to homework problems on the web, or by asking students not enrolled in the class, is strictly forbidden.

Problem 1. Graph Representations and Exploration
This problem tests your understanding of basic graph algorithms and concepts.
(a) Consider the following graph

(i) Construct the adjacency matrix of this graph. Tip: I included a snippet of code you can use to create a matrix in $\mathrm{AAT}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{X}$.

Solution:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
? & ? \\
? & ?
\end{array}\right]
$$

(ii) Construct the adjacency list of this graph.

## Solution:

(iii) BFS this graph starting from the node 1. Always choose the lowest-numbered node next. Draw the BFS tree and label each node with its distance from 1.

Solution:

Problem 2. DFS and Topological Ordering


Consider running depth-first search on this graph starting from node $a$. When there are multiple choices for the next node to visit, go in alphabetical order.
(a) Label every edge as either tree, forward, backward, or cross.

Solution:
(b) Give the post-order numbers of all vertices

Solution:

| a | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | i |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(c) Is this graph a DAG? If so, give a topological ordering.

Solution:

## Problem 3. Graph Properties

Consider an undirected graph $G=(V, E)$. The degree of a vertex $v$ is the number of edges adjacent to $v$-that is, the number of edges of the form $(v, u) \in E$. Recall the standard notational convention that $n=|V|$ and $m=|E|$.
(a) Prove by induction that the sum of the degrees of the vertices is equal to $2 m$.

Solution:
(b) Prove that there are an even number of vertices whose degree is odd.

Solution:
(c) Let $v \in V$ be some vertex whose degree is odd. Prove that there exists another vertex $u \in V$ such that $u$ has odd degree and there is a path connecting $v$ and $u$.

Solution:

